# Birch Sawfly Cimbex femoratus

S 25 mm M May-Aug.

**S** 25-35 mm **M** Apr-Oct.



Has a distinctive pale band on the dark abdomen and antennae have yellow tips. Found in woodland and gardens with Birch trees.

### Hornet Vespa crabro



Body has an obvious waist and yellow and brown stripes. Less aggressive than the Common Wasp, a useful pollinator. Often seen in late summer feeding on fruit trees.

## Longhorn moth

Adela sp. § 14-18 mm M May-Jun.



A small day-flying moth with very long antennae and bronze or metallic forewings. Found in woodland and gardens, sometimes in swarms of 20 or more individuals.

## Wasp Beetle

Clytus arietis § 16 mm M May-Aug.



A harmless beetle that feeds on flowers. Its distinctive colours and stripes mimic a wasp, helping to give it protection from predators. Found in woodlands and hedgerows.

## Snakefly

Rhapidioptera S 15 mm M May Sep.



A long thin insect, with an elongated prothorax (neck) and long antennae. Stands with raised head in an s-shaped, snake-like pose. Found in woodland and gardens.

### Silverfish

Lepisma saccharina

S 12 mm M All year.



A harmless, flightless insect covered in silvery scales. Found in damp, humid areas such as leaf litter and in houses in kitchens and bathrooms.

#### Varied Carpet Beetle

Anthrenus verbasci

3 mm May-Aug.



A tiny beetle, often found indoors. It can be a pest as it feeds on the keratin and chitin in animal hair, so can damage woollen clothes and carpets.

#### Cockchafer Melolontha melolontha

S 25-30 mm M Apr-May.



A large solid looking beetle with distinctive fan-like petals on the antennae. The larvae live in the soil feeding on roots and tubers like potatoes. Found in gardens and grasslands.

## Western Conifer Seed Bug

Leptoglossus occidentalis

S 20 mm M All year.



A large bright brown bug with a thin white zig-zag line across the forewings and expanded lower legs. Feeds on pine trees, found in forests, parks and gardens.

S size M months when it is seen

#### Find out more about insects at:

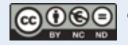
Every two years the Royal Entomological Society organises National Insect Week to encourage people of all ages to learn more about insects. Find out more at:



#### www.nationalinsectweek.co.uk

Why not join us at one of our annual Insect Festivals at York and Bristol. Come and learn about insects from the UK and around the world! Meet insect experts, have your bugs identified, create your own minibeast and enter the wonderful world of insects. Find out more at:

#### www.royensoc.co.uk/events



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# Intriguing insects!



Each year the Royal Entomological Society receives thousands of requests for help with identification.

These are a few of the annual highlights — distinct insects to look out for over the year.

#### Elephant Hawk-moth Caterpillar

Deilephila elpenor

S 75 mm M Jun-Sep.

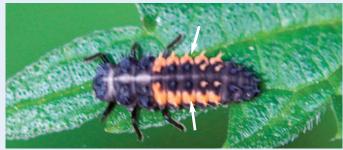


This is the larva of the Elephant Hawk-moth. Check for the distinctive eye-spots, trunk-like nose and hooked tail. Often found feeding on willowherbs in gardens and verges.

## Harlequin Ladybird larva

Harmonia axyridis





Spiky with two orange stripes and four central orange spikes at the rear. This is the larva of the Harlequin Ladybird, a non-native that has established in the UK. It eats aphids and other insects including native ladybird larvae. Found in hedges and gardens.